

# 分子細胞生物学セミナー

## Heterochromatin Protein 1 in DNA repair - confocal and super-resolution microscopy studies -

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北キャンパス・シオノギ棟1階 会議室1・2

In 1986 heterochromatin protein 1 (HP1) was described as a major component of heterochromatin and a factor involved in gene silencing. Subsequently several groups demonstrated that HP1 can interact with a number of nuclear proteins. In 2008 it was demonstrated that HP1 $\alpha$  and HP1 $\beta$  are recruited to DNA oxidative damage and DSBs. A systematic study showed recruitment of HP1 to various types of DNA damage, including oxidative damage, double strand breaks and UV-induced damage. There is experimental evidence suggesting involvement of HP1 $\alpha$ , HP1 $\beta$  and HP1 $\gamma$  in repair of DSBs. HP1 may be mediating recruitment of BRCA1 and RAD51 to DSBs. Interestingly, HP1 $\beta$  has been shown to interact with PCNA in regions of DNA replication and repair (Trembecka-Lucas and Dobrucki, 2012 and 2013). It is now recognized that HP1 $\beta$  is a protein involved in a number of key nuclear processes. Major questions pertaining to the role played by HP1 $\beta$  which is recruited to damage remain to be solved and some controversies need to be clarified. They include the dynamics of HP1 $\beta$  at the site of DNA damage, since not only recruitment, but also HP1 $\beta$  dissociation was reported, the roles played by the three orthologs in repair, and the role of HP1 in repair of UV-induced damage. Current views, hypotheses and microscopy studies of HP1 in the context of DNA repair will be discussed.